P.O. Box 647034 Pullman, WA 99164-7034 Telephone: (509) 335-9696 Fax: (509) 335-7424

Fair, Heather 645 G Street Case#: 2011-841 Report Date: 01/27/11

Anchorage, AK 99501

Submittal Date: 01/24/11 Owner: Fair, Heather

Species: Domestic Goat Breed: Nigerian Dwarf Goat Age: Sex:

Final Report:

Serology- Reported on 01/27/11 Authorized by James Evermann, Section Head

Please see Serology test interpretation comments at end of report

Sample	Animal	CAE Caseous		Johne's
1 A Serum	Butterscotch	Neg	Neg	Neg
2 A Serum	Gracie	Neg	Neg	Neg
3 A Serum	XBean	Neg	Neg	Neg
4 A Serum	Yipsy	Neg	Neg	Neg
5 A Serum	Yantami	Neg	Neg	Neg
6 A Serum	Molly	Neg	Neg	Neg
7 A Serum	Ida	Neg	Neg	Neg
8 A Serum	Luv Me	Neg	Neg	Neg
9 A Serum	Yakutat	Neg	Neg	Neg
10 A Serum	Mockingbird	Neg	Neg	Neg
11 A Serum	All My Love	Neg	Neg	Neg
12 A Serum	Beauty	Neg	Neg	Neg
13 A Serum	Arabica	Neg	Neg	Neg
14 A Serum	Zsa Zsa	Neg	Neg	Neg
15 A Serum	Zsays who?	Neg	Neg	Neg
16 A Serum	Zvonari	Neg	Neg	Neg
17 A Serum	Amore	Neg	Neg	Neg
18 A Serum	Allegedly	Neg	Neg	Neg
19 A Serum	Annie	Neg	Neg	Neg
20 A Serum	Terabyte	Neg	Neg	Neg
21 A Serum	Butterfingers	Neg	Neg	Neg
22 A Serum	Strike	Neg	Neg	Neg
23 A Serum	Flash	Neg	Neg	Neg
24 A Serum	Abracadabra	Neg	Neg	Neg
25 A Serum	Alpenglow	Neg	Neg	Neg
26 A Serum	Awestruck	Neg	Neg	Neg
27 A Serum	Zoinks	Neg	Neg	Neg
28 A Serum	Aftermath	Neg	Neg	Neg

Please see Serology test interpretation comments at end of report

&							
Sample	Animal	CAE	Caseous	Johne's			
29 A Serum	Amadeus	Neg	Neg	Neg			
30 A Serum	Attu	Neg	Neg	Neg			
31 A Serum	Over the Moon	Neg	Neg	Neg			
32 A Serum	Admiralty	Neg	Neg	Neg			
33 A Serum	Xenya	Neg	Neg	Neg			
34 A Serum	Zeppelin	Neg	Neg	Neg			
35 A Serum	Yupik Me	Neg	Neg	Neg			

Serology Test interpretation comments:

Caprine Arthritis-Encephalitis (C-ELISA) SOP: 203.16.1.05.06.01

Negative No antibody detected. Submit convalescent serum (60-90d) to detect recent exposure.

POSITIVE Antibody present indicating infection, or passively acquired antibody via colostrum or serum therapy.

Caseous Lymphadenitis SHI-testing. SOP: 203.9.1.05.07.29

Synergistic Hemolysin-Inhibition Test (SHI-test) measures the antibody response to the exotoxin of Corynebacterium pseudotuberculosis, the causative agent of caseous lymphadenitis in sheep and goats, and pigeon fever or breastbone fever in horses.

Titers of <1:8 are considered negative. Titers of <1:8 for goats, and horses have been associated with false positive reactions (presumably due to common soil coryneforms). The predictive value of negative titers is enhanced if all herd mates also test negative. {Antibody negative results do not definitively rule out infection by C. pseudotuberculosis, therefore it is recommended that all abscesses be cultured regardless of antibody status. Antibody negative animals with an abscess should be isolated from herdmates.}

Titers between 1:8 and 1:256 are interpreted as evidence of infection or vaccine exposure, but current or active infection cannot be distinguished from residual antibody based on a single sample result in this range. For confirmation of active infection, paired samples for detecting a rise in titer should be collected 4 weeks apart to detect a 2-fold change in titer.

Titers of 1:512 and higher suggest current active infection.

Johne's Disease (Small Ruminant) ELISA SOP: 203.3.1.06.09.13

Negative: Antibodies to M. paratuberculosis were not detected. Animals classified as ELISA-negative are either not infected or not producing antibodies. Retesting in 6-12 months will increase confidence the animal is free of infection.

Inconclusive: Animals with ELISA results in this range are more likely to be M. paratuberculosis-infected than ELISA- negative animals. Retesting in approximately 30 to 60 days is recommended. Animals that remain inconclusive on retest should be tested by fecal culture.

Positive: Animals with ELISA values in this range are approximat 30-75 times more likely to be M. paratuberculosis infected than ELISA negative animals.

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> Case#: 2011-839 Report Date: 01/27/11

Fair, Heather 645 G Street

Anchorage, AK 99501

Submittal Date: 01/24/11 Owner: Fair, Heather Species: Domestic Goat

Age: 4 Years

Sex:

Final Report:

Serology- Reported on 01/27/11 Authorized by James Evermann, Section Head

Please see Serology test interpretation comments at end of report

Sample	Animal	CAE	Caseous	Johne's
1 A Serum	Aggie	Neg	Neg	Neg
2 A Serum	Augie	Neg	Neg	Neg

Serology Test interpretation comments:

Caprine Arthritis-Encephalitis (C-ELISA) SOP: 203.16.1.05.06.01

Negative No antibody detected. Submit convalescent serum (60-90d) to detect recent exposure.

POSITIVE Antibody present indicating infection, or passively acquired antibody via colostrum or serum therapy.

Caseous Lymphadenitis SHI-testing. SOP: 203.9.1.05.07.29

Synergistic Hemolysin-Inhibition Test (SHI-test) measures the antibody response to the exotoxin of Corynebacterium pseudotuberculosis, the causative agent of caseous lymphadenitis in sheep and goats, and pigeon fever or breastbone fever in horses.

Titers of <1:8 are considered negative. Titers of <1:8 for goats, and horses have been associated with false positive reactions (presumably due to common soil coryneforms). The predictive value of negative titers is enhanced if all herd mates also test negative. {Antibody negative results do not definitively rule out infection by C. pseudotuberculosis, therefore it is recommended that all abscesses be cultured regardless of antibody status. Antibody negative animals with an abscess should be isolated from herdmates.}

Titers between 1:8 and 1:256 are interpreted as evidence of infection or vaccine exposure, but current or active infection cannot be distinguished from residual antibody based on a single sample result in this range. For confirmation of active infection, paired samples for detecting a rise in titer should be collected 4 weeks apart to detect a 2-fold change in titer.

Titers of 1:512 and higher suggest current active infection.

Johne's Disease (Small Ruminant) ELISA SOP: 203.3.1.06.09.13

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Inconclusive: Animals with ELISA results in this range are more likely to be M. paratuberculosis-infected than ELISA- negative animals. Retesting in approximately 30 to 60 days is recommended. Animals that remain inconclusive on retest should be tested by fecal culture.

Positive: Animals with ELISA values in this range are approximat 30-75 times more likely to be M. paratuberculosis infected than ELISA negative animals.